

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
WESTERN DISTRICT OF WASHINGTON  
AT TACOMA

DIANNA BERNHARDT,

Plaintiff,

v.

CAROLYN W COLVIN, Acting  
Commissioner of the Social Security  
Administration,

Defendant.

CASE NO. 14-cv-05902 JRC

ORDER GRANTING MOTION FOR  
ATTORNEY'S FEES PURSUANT  
TO 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)

This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(c), Fed. R. Civ. P. 73 and Local Magistrate Judge Rule MJR 13 (*see also* Notice of Initial Assignment to a U.S. Magistrate Judge and Consent Form, Dkt. 5; Consent to Proceed Before a United States Magistrate Judge, Dkt. 6).

This matter is before the Court on plaintiff's Motion for Attorney's Fees Pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 406(b) (*see* Dkt. 26). Defendant has no objection to plaintiff's request (*see* Dkt. 27).

The Court may allow a reasonable fee for an attorney who represented a Social Security Title II claimant before the Court and obtained a favorable judgment, as long as such fee is not in

1 excess of 25 percent of the total of past-due benefits. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 406(b)(1); *Grisbrecht v.*  
2 *Barnhart*, 535 U.S. 789 (2002). When a contingency agreement applies, the Court will look first  
3 to such agreement and will conduct an independent review to assure the reasonableness of the  
4 fee requested, taking into consideration the character of the representation and results achieved.  
5 *See Grisbrecht, supra*, 535 U.S. at 807, 808 (footnote omitted) (citations omitted). Although the  
6 fee agreement is the primary means for determining the fee, the Court will adjust the fee  
7 downward if substandard representation was provided, if the attorney caused excessive delay, or  
8 if a windfall would result from the requested fee. *See Crawford v. Astrue*, 586 F.3d 1142, 1151  
9 (9th Cir. 2009) (*citing Grisbrecht, supra*, 535 U.S. at 808).

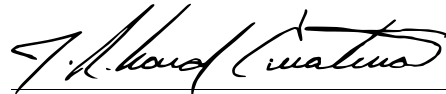
10 Here, the representation was standard, at least, and the results achieved excellent (*see*  
11 Dkt. 26, Attachment 3). *See Grisbrecht, supra*, 535 U.S. at 808. Defendant stipulated to remand  
12 the matter subsequent to plaintiff's filing of her Opening Brief (*see* Dkt. 21). Following a second  
13 hearing, an Administrative Law Judge awarded benefits to plaintiff (*see* Dkt. 26, Attachments 2,  
14 3). There has not been excessive delay and no windfall will result from the requested fee.

15 Plaintiff's total back payment was \$40,202.73 (*see* Dkt. 26, Attachment 3, p. 3). Plaintiff  
16 has moved for a net attorney's fee of \$4,050.68 (*see* Motion, Dkt. 26, p1), and the Court has  
17 considered plaintiff's gross attorney's fee of \$9,011.25 and the EAJA award received by  
18 plaintiff's attorney in the amount of \$4,960.57 (Dkt. 25). *Parish v. Comm'r. Soc. Sec. Admin.*,  
19 698 F.3d 1215, 1221 (9th Cir. 2012).

20 Based on plaintiff's motion and supporting documents (*see* Dkt. 26, Attachments 1, 2, 3,  
21 4, 5, 6), and with no objection from defendant (Dkt. 27), it is hereby ORDERED that attorney's  
22 fees in the amount of \$4,050.68 be awarded to plaintiff's attorney pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §  
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1 406(b). This amount, less any applicable processing fees as allowed by statute, should be sent to  
2 plaintiff's attorney.

3 Dated this 30th day of August, 2016.

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5 J. Richard Creatura  
6 United States Magistrate Judge  
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